

SOUTH IOWA AREA CRIME COMMISSION

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS FINANCIAL STATEMENT OTHER INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

June 30, 2013

Table of Contents

		Page
Officials		3
Independent Auditor's Report	·	5-6
Management's Discussion and Analysis		7-10
Financial Statement:	<u>Exhibit</u>	
Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Balance	A	13-14
Notes to Financial Statement		15-19
Other Information:	Schedule	•
Comparison of Receipts and Disbursements Actual to Budget – General Operating	. 1	21
Comparison of Receipts and Disbursements Actual to Budget – Alternate Juvenile Detention Project	2	22
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in		
Accordance with Government Auditing Standards		25-26
Schedule of Findings	•	27-28
Staff	•	29

SOUTH IOWA AREA CRIME COMMISSION

Officials

Name <u>Title</u> <u>Representing</u>

Steve McCoy Executive Director

Richard Reed Chairman Jefferson County

Gary See Vice Chairman Henry County

Jerry Parker Secretary/Treasurer Wapello County

Cliff Sheriff Member Adair County

Ron Bride Member Davis County

Jim Cary Member Des Moines County

Deke Wood Member Keokuk County

Ron Fedler Member Lee County

Paula Buckman Member Louisa County

Mike Vanden Molen Member Mahaska County

John Hughes Member Monroe County

Robert Waugh Member Van Buren County

Jack Seward Member Washington County

Duffy Kester Member Wayne County

SOUTH IOWA AREA CRIME COMMISSION



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors of the South Iowa Area Crime Commission Fairfield, Iowa

Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statement of the South Iowa Area Crime Commission as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to financial statement.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 1. This includes determining the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. This includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statement based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Commission's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

I believe the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

Opinion

In my opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the cash basis financial position of the South Iowa Area Crime Commission as of June 30, 2013 and the changes in its cash basis financial position for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis of Accounting

As described in Note 1, the financial statement was prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. My opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Other Information

The other information, Management's Discussion and Analysis and the budgetary comparison information on pages 7 through 10 and 21 through 22, has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statement and, accordingly, I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, I have also issued my report dated January 08, 2014 on my consideration of the South Iowa Area Crime Commission's internal control over financial reporting and my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering South Iowa Area Crime Commission's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sincerely,

Ann M. Menke

Certified Public Accountant

any youl

Professional Corporation

West Point, Iowa

January 08, 2014

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The South Iowa Area Crime Commission provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of its financial statement. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the South Iowa Area Crime Commission is for the year ended June 30, 2013. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the Commission's financial statement, which follows.

2013 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Operating receipts increased 12%, or approximately \$73,593, from fiscal year 2012 to fiscal year 2013.
- Operating disbursements increased 2%, or approximately \$11,640, from fiscal year 2012 to fiscal year 2013.
- The Commission's cash balance increased 8%, or approximately \$23,008, from June 30, 2012 to June 30, 2013.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The Commission has elected to present its financial statement on the cash basis of accounting. The cash basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America. Basis of accounting refers to when financial events are recorded, such as the timing for recognizing revenues, expenses and the related assets and liabilities. Under the cash basis of accounting, revenue and expenses and the related assets and liabilities are recorded when they result from cash transactions.

As a result of the use of the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues and liabilities and their related expenses are not recorded in this financial statement. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, readers should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

The annual report in presented in a format consistent with the presentation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, as applicable to the cash basis of accounting.

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the financial statement. The annual report consists of the financial statement and other information, as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the financial statement and provides an analytical overview of the Commission's financial activities.

The Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Balance presents information on the Commission's operating receipts and disbursements, non-operating receipts and disbursements and whether the Commission's cash basis financial position has improved or deteriorated as a result of the year's activities.

Notes to Financial Statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statement.

Other Information further explains and supports the financial statement with a comparison of the Commission's budget for the year.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COMMISSION

Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Balance

The purpose of the statement is to present the receipts received by the Commission and the disbursements paid by the Commission, both operating and non-operating. The statement also presents a fiscal snapshot of the cash balance at year end. Over time, readers of the financial statement are able to determine the Commission's cash basis financial position by analyzing the increase and decrease in the Commission's cash balance.

Operating receipts are received for assessments from the members of the Commission and transport fees. Operating disbursements are disbursements paid to operate the Commission. Non-operating receipts and disbursements are for interest on investments, equipment purchases and capital projects. A summary of cash receipts, disbursements, and changes in cash balance for the years ended June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2012 is as follows:

•	Year ende	Year ended June 30,		
	2013	2012		
Operating receipts:				
County assessments	\$ 235,564	\$ 235,564		
County transport fees	424,599	357,830		
Other reimbursements	52,829	46,005		
Total operating receipts	712,992	639,399		
Operating disbursements:				
Salaries and benefits	398,143	405,250		
Payroll taxes	27,834	28,045		
Dues and subscriptions	1,013	1,341		
Insurance	20,452	19,286		
Office expense	5,012	4,485		
Professional fees	44,911	38,984		
Repairs and maintenance	85,607	71,192		
Telephone	9,533	8,627		
Training	14,187	13,354		
Travel and transport expenses	17,809	21,888		
Utilities	6,874	7,283		
Total disbursements	631,375	619,735		
Excess of operating receipts				
Over operating disbursements	81,617	19,664		

Non-operating receipts (disbursements):		
Interest income	35	77
Capital purchases	-58,644	-32,644
Membership rebate	0	-45,113
Net non-operating disbursements	-58,609	-77,680
Change in cash balance	23,008	-58,016
Cash balance beginning of year	286,401	344,417
Cash balance end of year	\$ 309,409	\$ 286,401
Cash Basis Fund Balance		
Unrestricted	\$ 309,409	\$ 286,401

In fiscal year 2013, operating receipts increased \$73,593, or 12%, over fiscal year 2012. The increase was primarily a result of an increase in transport fees. In fiscal year 2013, operating disbursements increased \$11,640, or 2%, compared to fiscal year 2012. The increase was primarily a result of an increase in repairs and maintenance costs.

LONG-TERM DEBT

At June 30, 2013, the Commission had no long term debt outstanding.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The financial position of the Commission did improve in the current fiscal year as a review of the fiscal year budget for the Crime Commission showed actual operating income exceeded expectations by \$9,951, with operating receipts being more than expected and operating expenditures were less than projected.

The current financial status of the organization indicates financial assets total approximately \$117,055.

Current and upcoming projects for the Crime Commission include maintaining the cornerstones of our lawsuit avoidance efforts, jail policies and procedures, standards operating procedures, jail audits, fire evacuation training, and in-service training. Training for fiscal year 2013 included five 20-hour jail schools: September, 2012 in Burlington; October, 2012 in Ottumwa; November, 2012 in Washington; December, 2012 in Mt. Pleasant; and April, 2013 in Oskaloosa. Two 40-hour basic jailer training schools with medication management included were conducted in October, 2012 and May, 2013 in Ottumwa. Pre-employment suitability testing for correctional officers and dispatchers was administered in Des Moines and Wapello Counties. PREA standards training was conducted at each 20 hour jail school. FATS training was conducted in Louisa, Adair, and Washington Counties.

A review of the fiscal year Juvenile Project budget showed actual operating income up from expectations by approximately \$68,514, while normal operating expenditures were \$12,564 less than projected. Revenues were \$55,950 more than projected. Additional expenses beyond the normal operating budget included vehicle purchases/replacements of \$57,500.

The current financial status of the Juvenile Project indicates total financial assets are approximately \$192,354.

A review of the summary of transports, transport administrative cost history, and vehicle fuel/maintenance cost summary showed a productive and successful year for the Juvenile Project. Four replacement vehicles were purchased. The cash balance of the Juvenile Project increased by \$15,401 during the year. The reason for this increase is because transports were higher than last year. This past fiscal year showed a total of 1,612 transports, a slight increase from the prior year.

CONTACTING THE COMMISSION'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the Commission's finances and to show its accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Steve McCoy, Executive Director, South Iowa Area Crime Commission, 212 Glasgow Road, Fairfield, Iowa, 52556.

SOUTH IOWA AREA CRIME COMMISSION

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENT

SOUTH IOWA AREA CRIME COMMISSION STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCE

As of and For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

General Operating		Alternative Juvenile Detention Project	Total
Operating receipts:	*		
County assessments	\$ 235,564	\$ -	\$ 235,564
County transport fees	-	424,599	424,599
Other reimbursements	44,478	8,351	52,829
Total operating receipts	280,042	432,950	712,992
Operating disbursements:			
Salaries and benefits	210,806	187,337	398,143
Payroll taxes	13,802	14,032	27,834
Dues and subscriptions	1,013	-	1,013
Insurance	2,366	18,086	20,452
Office expense	3,317	1,695	5,012
Professional fees	15,100	29,811	44,911
Repairs and maintenance	1 660	85,607	85,607
Telephone	1,668	7,865	9,533
Training	13,667	520	14,187
Travel and transport expenses	4,354	13,455	17,809
Utilities	5,218	1,656	6,874
Total operating disbursements	271,311	360,064	631,375
Excess of operating receipts			
over operating disbursements	8,731	72,886	81,617
Non-operating receipts (disbursements):			
Interest income	. 20	15	35
Capital purchases	(1,144)	(57,500)	(58,644)
Net non-operating disbursements	(1,124)	(57,485)	(58,609)
Change in cash balance	7,607	15,401	23,008
Cash balance beginning of year	109,448	176,953	286,401
Cash balance end of year	\$ 117,055	\$ 192,354	\$ 309,409

SOUTH IOWA AREA CRIME COMMISSION STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCE

As of and For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Cash Basis Fund Balance	General Operating	Alternative Juvenile Detention Project	Total
Unrestriced	\$ 117,055	\$ 192,354	\$ 309,409
Total cash basis fund balance	\$ 117,055	\$ 192,354	\$ 309,409

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The South Iowa Area Crime Commission was formed in 1971 pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 28E of the Code of Iowa. The purpose of South Iowa Area Crime Commission is to provide centralized administration and coordinate planning efforts for crime prevention programs, criminal justice programs, jail planning and procedures, and other related programs under the direction of the member counties.

The governing body of the Commission is composed of one representative from each of the fourteen member counties. The member counties include: Adair, Davis, Des Moines, Henry, Jefferson, Keokuk, Lee, Louisa, Mahaska, Monroe, Van Buren, Wapello, Washington, and Wayne. Each member county has one vote.

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the South Iowa Area Crime Commission has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions, and authorities. The Commission has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Commission are such that exclusion would cause the Commission's financial statement to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the Commission to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the Commission. The South Iowa Area Crime Commission has no component units which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria.

B. Basis of Presentation

The accounts of the Commission are organized as an Enterprise Fund. Enterprise Funds are utilized to finance and account for the acquisition, operations and maintenance of governmental facilities and services supported by user charges.

Enterprise Funds distinguish operating receipts and disbursements from non-operating items. Operating receipts and disbursements generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with an Enterprise Fund's principal ongoing operations. All receipts and disbursements not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating receipts and disbursements.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Basis of Accounting

The Commission maintains its financial records on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements and the financial statement of the Commission is prepared on that basis. The cash basis of accounting does not give effect to accounts receivable, accounts payable, and accrued items. Accordingly, the financial statement does not present the financial position and results of operations of the Commission in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The budgetary comparison is reported as Other Information.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Commission's deposits in banks at June 30, 2013 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

The Commission is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposits or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Commission; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

The Commission had investments in the Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust which are valued at an amortized cost of \$293,556 pursuant to Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940.

<u>Interest rate risk</u> – The Commission's investment policy limits the investment of operating funds (funds expected to be expended in the current budget year or within 15 months of receipt) to instruments that mature within 397 days. Funds not identified as operating funds may be invested in investments with maturities longer than 397 days, but the maturities shall be consistent with the needs and use of the Commission.

<u>Credit risk</u> – The Commission's investment in the Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust is unrated.

NOTE 3 – PENSION AND RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The Commission contributes to the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS) which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Iowa. IPERS provides retirement and death benefits which are established by state statute to plan members and beneficiaries. IPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to IPERS, P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa, 50306-9117.

Plan members are required to contribute 5.78% of their annual salary and the Commission is required to contribute 8.67% of annual covered salary. Contribution requirements are established by state statute. The Commission's contribution to IPERS for the years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$30,193, \$27,829, and \$22,492, respectively, equal to the required contribution for each year.

NOTE 4 – COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Commission employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation and sick leave hours for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, retirement, or death. These accumulations are not recognized as disbursements by the Commission until used or paid. The Commission's approximate liability for earned vacation and sick leave payable to employees at June 30, 2013, was \$22,532 and \$71,637, respectively. The liability has been computed based on rates of pay in effect at June 30, 2013.

NOTE 5 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The South Iowa Area Crime Commission share an office facility, management functions and have several of the same board members as South Iowa Area Detention Service Agency. The Commission received payments from the Agency totaling \$53,851 for the year ended June 30, 2013.

NOTE 6 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through January 08, 2014, the date which the financial statements were available for issue.

NOTE 7 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The Commission is a member of the Iowa Communities Assurance Pool, as allowed by Chapter 670.7 of the Code of Iowa. The Iowa Communities Assurance Pool (Pool) is a local government risk-sharing pool whose 679 members include various governmental entities throughout the State of Iowa. The Pool was formed in August 1986 for the purpose of managing and funding third-party liability claims against its members. The Pool provides coverage and protection in the following categories: general liability, automobile liability, automobile physical damage, public officials liability, police professional liability, property, inland marine, and boiler/machinery. There have been no reductions in insurance coverage from prior years.

Each member's annual casualty contributions to the Pool fund current operations and provide capital. Annual operating contributions are those amounts necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses, claims, claims expenses and reinsurance expenses due and payable in the current year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Capital contributions are made during the first six years of membership and are maintained to equal 150 percent of the total current members' basis rates or to comply with the requirements of any applicable regulatory authority having jurisdiction over the Pool.

The Pool also provides property coverage. Members who elect such coverage make annual operating contributions which are necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses and reinsurance premiums, all of which are due and payable in the current year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Any year-end operating surplus is transferred to capital. Deficiencies in operations are offset by transfers from capital and, if insufficient, by the subsequent year's member contributions.

The Commission's property and casualty contributions to the risk pool are recorded as disbursements from its operating funds at the time of payment to the risk pool. The Commission's annual contributions to the Pool for the year ended June 30, 2013 were \$11,804.

The Pool uses reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements to reduce its exposure to large losses. The Pool retains general, automobile, police professional, and public officials' liability risks up to \$350,000 per claim. Claims exceeding \$350,000 are reinsured in an amount not to exceed \$2,650,000 per claim. For members requiring specific coverage from \$3,000,000 to \$12,000,000, such excess coverage is also reinsured. Property and automobile physical damage risks are retained by the Pool up to \$150,000 each occurrence, each location, with excess coverage reinsured by the Travelers Insurance Company.

NOTE 7 - RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

The Pool's intergovernmental contract with its members provides that in the event a casualty claim or series of claims exceeds the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the member's risk-sharing certificate, or in the event that a series of casualty claims exhausts total members' equity plus any reinsurance and any excess risk-sharing recoveries, then payment of such claims shall be the obligation of the respective individual member. As of June 30, 2013, settled claims have not exceeded the risk pool or reinsurance coverage since the Pool's inception.

Members agree to continue membership in the Pool for a period of not less than one full year. After such period, a member who has given 60 days prior written notice may withdraw from the Pool. Upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claims expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim was incurred or reported prior to the member's withdrawal. Members withdrawing within the first six years of membership may receive a partial refund of their casualty capital contributions. If a member withdraws after the sixth year, the member is refunded 100 percent of its casualty capital contributions. However, the refund is reduced by an amount equal to the annual operating contribution which the withdrawing member would have made for the one-year period following withdrawal.

The Commission also carries commercial insurance purchased from other insurers for coverage associated with worker's compensation. The Commission assumes liability for any deductibles, and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

OTHER INFORMATION

SOUTH IOWA AREA CRIME COMMISSION COMPARISON OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS ACTUAL TO BUDGET - GENERAL OPERATING

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	ACTUAL	BUDGET	VARIANCE
Operating receipts:			-
County assessments	\$ 235,564	\$ 235,564	\$ -
Other reimbursements	44,478	40,151	4,327
Total operating receipts	280,042	275,715	4,327
Operating disbursements:			
Salaries and benefits	210,806	206,840	(3,966)
Payroll taxes	13,802	14,695	893
Dues and subscriptions	1,013	1,000	(13)
Insurance	2,366	5,000	2,634
Office expense	3,317	5,750	2,433
Professional fees	15,100	16,000	900
Repairs and maintenance	-	1,000	1,000
Telephone	1,668	3,000	1,332
Training	13,667	11,500	(2,167)
Travel and transport expenses	4,354	9,650	5,296
Utilities	5,218	2,500	(2,718)
Total operating disbursements	271,311	276,935	5,624
Excess of operating receipts			
over operating disbursements	8,731	(1,220)	9,951
Non-operating receipts (disbursements):			
Interest income	20	200	(180)
Capital purchases	(1,144)	(3,000)	1,856
Net non-operating disbursements	(1,124)	(2,800)	1,676
Excess/(deficiency) of receipts over disbursements	\$ 7,607	\$ (4,020)	\$ 11,627

SOUTH IOWA AREA CRIME COMMISSION COMPARISON OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS ACTUAL TO BUDGET - ALTERNATIVE JUVENILE DETENTION PROJECT For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	ACTUAL		BUDGET		VARIANCE	
Operating receipts: County transport fees Other reimbursements	\$	424,599 8,351	\$	375,000 2,000	\$	49,599 6,351
Total operating receipts		432,950	,	377,000		55,950
Operating disbursements:						
Salaries and benefits		187,337		193,167		5,830
Payroll taxes		14,032		14,250		218
Insurance		18,086		21,000		2,914
Office expense		1,695		2,000		305
Professional fees		29,811		29,711		(100)
Repairs and maintenance		85,607		78,500		(7,107)
Telephone		7,865		8,200		335
Training		520		3,300		2,780
Travel and transport expenses		13,455		19,500		6,045
Utilities		1,656		3,000		1,344
Total operating disbursements		360,064		372,628		12,564
Excess of operating receipts						
over operating disbursements		72,886		4,372		68,514
Non-operating receipts (disbursements):						
Interest income		15		250		(235)
Capital purchases		(57,500)				(57,500)
Net non-operating disbursements		(57,485)		250		(57,735)
(Deficiency)/excess of receipts over disbursements	\$	15,401	\$	4,622	\$	10,779

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PEFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

SOUTH IOWA AREA CRIME COMMISSION



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of a Financial Statement Performed in
Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Directors of the South Iowa Area Crime Commission Fairfield, Iowa

I have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statement of South Iowa Area Crime Commission as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to financial statement, and have issued my report thereon dated January 08, 2014. My report expressed an unmodified opinion on the financial statement which was prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements, a basis of accounting other that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statement, I considered South Iowa Area Crime Commission's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the South Iowa Area Crime Commission's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the South Iowa Area Crime Commission's internal control.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings, I identified a deficiency in internal control I consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility a material misstatement of South Iowa Area Crime Commission's financial statement will note be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. I consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as item 2013-I-A to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the South Iowa Area Crime Commission's financial statement is free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the Commission's operations for the year ended June 30, 2013 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during my audit of the financial statement of the Commission. Since my audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

South Iowa Area Crime Commission's Responses to Findings

The South Iowa Area Crime Commission's written responses to findings identified in my audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings. The South Iowa Area Crime Commission's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement and accordingly, I express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering the Commission's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

I would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to me by personnel of the South Iowa Area Crime Commission during the course of my audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, I shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

Sincerely,

Ann M. Menke

Certified Public Accountant

any Il

West Point, Iowa

January 08, 2014

SOUTH IOWA AREA CRIME COMMISSION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Findings Related to the Financial Statements:

INTERNAL CONTROL DEFICIENCIES:

2013-I-A:

<u>Segregation of Duties</u> – One important aspect of internal control is the segregation of duties among employees to prevent an individual employee from handling duties which are incompatible. I noted the same individual who prepares the bank deposits may also prepare billings, maintain cash receipts and accounts receivable records, prepare checks, and record disbursements in the accounting record due to the small size of the office staff.

<u>Recommendation</u> – I realize that with a limited number of office employees, segregation of duties is difficult. However, the Agency should continue to review its operating procedures to obtain the maximum internal control possible under the circumstances.

<u>Response</u> – Due to the limited number of office employees, segregation of duties is difficult. However, everything that we do is checked, double checked, and sometimes even triple checked among the employees that we do have. We also rotate various tasks among the office staff to avoid a single person always doing the same task.

Conclusion – Response accepted.

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were noted.

Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting:

2013-II-A

Questionable Disbursements –No disbursements I believe may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979 were noted.

2013-II-B

<u>Travel Expense</u> – No disbursements of Commission money for travel expenses of spouses of Commission officials or employees were noted.

SOUTH IOWA AREA CRIME COMMISSION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting:

2013-II-C

<u>Commission Meetings</u> – No transactions were found that I believe should have been approved in the Commission minutes but were not. However, the minutes did not include the schedule of bills allowed as required by Chapter 28E.6(3) of the Code of Iowa.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The Commission should ensure the minutes, including the schedule of bills allowed, are published as required.

<u>Response</u> – This recommendation will be followed for future publications.

<u>Conclusion</u> – Response accepted.

2013-II-D

<u>Deposits and Investments</u> – No instances of non-compliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa and the Commission's investment policy were noted, except as follows:

A resolution naming official depositories has not been adopted by the Commission.

<u>Recommendation</u> – A resolution in amounts sufficient to cover anticipated balances at all approved depositories should be adopted in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa.

<u>Response</u> – A resolution naming official depositories with sufficient amounts will be adopted by the Commission at our next meeting and will be reviewed periodically.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

SOUTH IOWA AREA CRIME COMMISSION

Audit Staff

The audit was performed by:

Ann M. Menke, CPA Carol Ross, CPA Kelly Nelton, CPA Kristy Adams, Staff Auditor

News Release

For Release:

Ann M. Menke, CPA, PC, of West Point, Iowa, today released an audit report on the South Iowa Area Crime Commission.

The Commission had total receipts of \$713,027 for the year ended June 30, 2013 an 11.5 percent increase from the prior year. The receipts included county transport fees of \$424,599, county assessments of \$235,564 and other reimbursements of \$52,829.

Disbursements for the year totaled \$690,019, a 1.1 percent decrease from the prior year, and included \$398,143 for salaries and benefits, \$85,607 for repairs and maintenance, and \$58,644 for capital purchases.

The significant increase in receipts is primarily due to increased county transport fees over the prior year.

A copy of the audit report is available for review in the South Iowa Area Crime Commission's office, in the Office of Auditor of State and on the Auditor of State's web site at http://auditor.iowa.gov/reports/index.html.

News Release

For Release:

Ann M. Menke, CPA, PC, of West Point, Iowa, today released an audit report on the South Iowa Area Crime Commission.

The Commission had total receipts of \$713,027 for the year ended June 30, 2013 an 11.5 percent increase from the prior year. The receipts included county transport fees of \$424,599, county assessments of \$235,564 and other reimbursements of \$52,829.

Disbursements for the year totaled \$690,019, a 1.1 percent decrease from the prior year, and included \$398,143 for salaries and benefits, \$85,607 for repairs and maintenance, and \$58,644 for capital purchases.

The significant increase in receipts is primarily due to increased county transport fees over the prior year.

A copy of the audit report is available for review in the South Iowa Area Crime Commission's office, in the Office of Auditor of State and on the Auditor of State's web site at http://auditor.iowa.gov/reports/index.html.